

Maths for 3 - 4 Year Olds

There are lots of practical and easy ways you can encourage your child to develop their maths skills every day.

With children aged three to four, you could practise **number recognition** up to five, discuss **real-world** maths problems such as 'how many apples do I need if both you and I want one?', explore **2D shapes** and point out **simple patterns**. **Positional language** (e.g. 'the television is in front of the sofa', 'the bag is under the table') is also good to develop at this age.

These top tips are here to give you some ideas on how you could explore these areas further.

Please remember, this is not a checklist - it is here to guide you and your child in a **fun and beneficial** way.

Quick Ways to Practise Maths:

Make sure to use maths language in everyday speech, such as 'there are one, two, three buttons on your coat', or 'our book is a rectangle shape'.

Count everything! Cars on the road, books on the shelf, sausages on a plate.

Point out numbers anywhere you are - on car number plates, houses or prices in the shops.

Over 2020 and 2021, a new Early Years Foundation Stage curriculum (or framework) was released and has become statutory for all nurseries and reception classes. These guides, though based on some of the milestones laid out by that new framework, are designed as general guidance and not a solid indication of what is taught in a formal school setting.

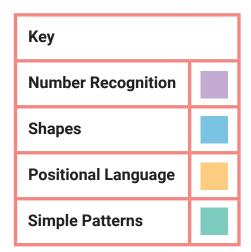
For more information about the new framework reforms (introduced 2021), you can use these resources:

- New EYFS Reforms Parent and Carer Information Sheet
- Development Matters 2021 (Official Document)
- EYFS Statements Summarised

You can also find tips and guidance for other skills or ages in our Parent Guides category.

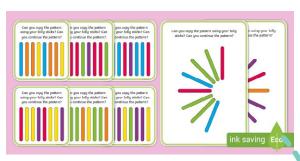






In, up, under, on,
besides, between,
behind, in front - make
sure to use terms like these
in everyday conversations,
such as "your shoes are
under the chair", "lunch is
on the table".





Lolly Stick ABBC Pattern Cards

Add foam or sponge numbers to the bath and ask your child to put them in order.

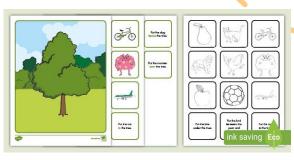


Paint with homemade stamps in different shapes - you could use a sponge as a rectangle, half a potato as an oval, the bottom of a cup as a circle.

Play with
building blocks
and discuss the
properties of each
shape, e.g. "this cube
has square faces and
they each have
four sides".







Positional Language Tree Game



Collect a pile of objects
(e.g pencils, small toys
or buttons) and ask your
child to pull out a certain
number - "can you pull out
three pencils?".



