

## **Progression of Skills**

## **DESIGN TECHNOLOGY**

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					Mechanism &		-1 -1 -1 -1	2.0
	Designing	Evaluating	Making	Structures	Mechanical Systems	Textiles	Electrical Systems	Food
Year 1	<ul> <li>To know the difference between natural and manufactured (manmade)</li> <li>Know &amp; understand the term 'design'</li> <li>To know that different products are more suitable for different people.</li> <li>To generate ideas to solve problems using resources they are familiar with. To talk about their ideas and to draw them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To make simple statements about their own personal tastes, things that work well and things that don't.</li> <li>To know that all manufactured products are tested.</li> <li>To explore who and what products are made for and what they are made from</li> <li>To match products to users giving reasons.</li> <li>To say whether or not their ideas have worked, have worked well or haven't worked.</li> </ul>	To know the term 'plan' To follow a plan using 'first' 'next' 'then' To suggest what the next step in a plan could be. To know how the tools they are using could hurt us To begin to measure, mark out, cut, shape, assemble, join, combine and finish a range of materials and components.	Freestanding Structures  Know the terms: Structure, weak, strong, stiff, stable, base, cut, fold, join, fix  To know that structures are more stable when the base is wide or heavy  To know that thin materials can be folded to make them stronger and to make them stand up.  To recognise the following tools and say what each is used for Scissors, ruler, hole punch	Sliders & Levers  Now the terms: slider, lever, pivot, slot, bridge/guide, pull, push, up, down, straight, curve, forwards, backwards  Create a lever using a card strip and a paper fastener as a pivot.  Create a slider using a card strip and a guide			Preparing Fruit  Know the terms: Fruit, vegetable, flesh, skin, seed, pip, core, cutting, squeezing, healthy diet.  To know that some food comes from plants and some from animals  To know that some foods are healthy and others aren't always  To cut using a vegetable knife using a bridge grip  To use a juicer  To know the importance of hand washing in food
Year 2	To know the terms 'design brief' and 'design criteria'  use simple design criteria; state what their products are, who and what they are for and how they will work.  generate ideas using their own experiences and existing products; use talk, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, computers	<ul> <li>make simple judgements about their products and ideas against design criteria.</li> <li>explore who and what products are for, how they work and are used, what materials they are made from and what they like and dislike about them.</li> <li>To say whether or not their ideas have worked well or not giving reasons for their answers.</li> </ul>	plan by suggesting what to do next;      Use a numbered plan (ordinal)     select from a range of tools, equipment, materials and components.      follow procedures for safety and hygiene;     measure, mark out, cut, shape, assemble, join, combine and finish a range of materials and components.		Wheels & Axles  Know the terms: vehicle, wheel, axle, axle holder, chassis, body, cab  To recognise the following tools and say what each is used for - junior hacksaw  To measure, mark and cut a wooden dowel to length.	Templates & Joining Techniques  • Know the terms: fabric, sew, stitch, seam, template, mark- out  • To recognise the following tools and say what each is used for – needle, pin, safety pin  • To use a template to duplicate a part  • To sew using a running stitch		preparation  Preparing Vegetables (salads)  To know the terms: peel, peeling, slice, grate  To know that some food comes from farms, caught in the sea and some can be home grown  To know that we should eat 5 portions for fruit or vegetables a day  To slice using a vegetable knife using a 'fork secure' grip  To use a peeler  To use a grater  To snip or cut ingredients using scissors  To know the importance of good hygiene in food preparation

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Year	To know the terms	To know the term	Plan making a project,	Shell Structures	Weditallical Systems	2D Shape to 3D Product	Electrical Systems	Dips & Dippers
3	'user' 'purpose' and	'Evaluate'	identifying and	Know the terms:		Know the terms:		To know the terms:
	'design feature'	To know the designer's	numbering the main	shell structure, three-		fastener, applique		crush, mix, combine,
	relating to design	responsibility to	stages.	dimensional (3-D)		To create a 3D product		blend
	criteria.	evaluate their products	Understand that some	shape, net, length,		from 2D pattern pieces		To identify healthy and
	<ul> <li>To know that</li> </ul>	To evaluate their ideas	stages can be	width, breadth,		To sew using a back		potentially unhealthy
	information from	and products using	undertaken	capacity, marking out,		stitch		ingredients.
	different sources can	their knowledge of	concurrently without	scoring, tabs,		To use seam		To know that our food
	be used to inform	their user and purpose.	affecting others.	corrugating, ribbing,		allowances when		is grown all over the
	design decisions.	<ul> <li>To explain the success</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>follow procedures for</li> </ul>	laminating		creating with textiles		world
	<ul> <li>To know that the user</li> </ul>	or otherwise of their	safety and hygiene;	To score a line				To slice using a
	may have different	design decisions.	use a wider range of	accurately with a ruler				vegetable knife and a
	requirements from		materials and	and tool				claw grip
	themselves.		components; measure,	To add tabs to a 2D				To know the
	To generate effective		mark out, cut, shape,	shape to allow joining				importance of
	ideas using		assemble, join, combine and finish	To stiffen a flat piece				packaging in food
	information given or collected about the			of material using				hygiene
	user.		with some accuracy	laminating, ribbing and corrugating				
	To produce clear			To recognise the				
	labelled drawings of			following tools and say				
	their ideas on paper			what each is used for –				
	and using ICT.			scoring tool				
Year	gather information	evaluate their ideas	order the main stages		Pneumatics		Simple Circuits and	Making a healthy snack
4	about user needs;	and products against	of making including		Know the terms: -		Switches	bar
	develop their own	their design criteria.	any that are critical		components, system,		<ul><li>Know the terms:</li></ul>	To know the terms:
	design criteria;	<ul> <li>compare how well two</li> </ul>	(one that subsequent		tubing, syringe,		series circuit, fault,	dice, chop finely, melt,
	describe the user,	products have been	stages cannot be		plunger, pneumatic		connection, switch,	heat
	purpose and design	designed and made,	started before it is		input ,output, control,		battery, battery	To know some healthy
	features of their	whether they are fit for	complete)		compression, pressure,		holder, bulb, bulb	alternatives to popular
	products and explain	purpose and meet user	<ul> <li>select suitable tools,</li> </ul>		inflate, deflate, pump,		holder, wire, insulator,	sweets and drinks
	how they will work.	needs; why materials	equipment, materials		seal, air-tight,		conductor, crocodile	To warm and melt
	generate realistic ideas	have been chosen, the	and components and		hydraulic		clip	ingredients safely
	based on user needs;	methods of construction used and	explain their choices.		Know how a		To make a variety of	using a heat source
	use a range of drawing skills, discussion,	how well they work.	<ul> <li>Begin to devise their own procedures for</li> </ul>		pneumatic system works with an input		simple switches using classroom materials	To understand an
	prototypes, pattern	now well they work.	safety and hygiene		and output movement		To include a switch in	ingredient's or
	pieces and computer-		use a wider range of		To combine a		their finished product	product's shelf life including use by and
	aided design.		use a wider range of materials and		pneumatic system with		To include a circuit	best before dates
	araca acsigii.		components; measure,		a slider or lever		diagram in their design	nest neithe dates
			mark out, cut, shape,		To know that a		diagram in tileli desigli	
			assemble, join,		hydraulic system uses			
			combine and finish		a liquid instead of air			
			with some accuracy.		4			

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Year 5	To plan an information gathering exercise to collect data on the user.  To know that they can decide on their own design criteria for a product.  To generate innovative ideas using information collected using accurate labelled drawings, prototypes and computer-aided design	To make realistic judgements about the products they make in relation to the design brief.  To suggest ways that their designs could be improved and the effect this would have on the user.  To compare how well a range of products have been designed and made whether they are fit for purpose and meet user needs; why materials have been chosen, the methods of construction used and how well they	Begin to formulate lists of resources and equipment and create step-by-step plans; select suitable tools, equipment, materials and components and explain their choices.     To devise and follow procedures for safety and hygiene;     use a wider range of materials and components; measure, mark out, cut, shape, assemble, join, combine and finish with accuracy.	Frame Structures  To know the following terms frame structure, reinforce, triangulation, temporary, permanent  To recognise the following tools and say what each is used for junior hacksaw, bench hook  To use e bench hook to cut at 90°  To reinforce a 'but' joint using card triangles  To reinforce square frames using triangulation	Wethanical Systems	Textiles	More complex circuits and switches  • Know the terms: parallel circuit, input, output, monitoring, control  • To write a control programme as part of their design  • To design a product using a parallel circuit controlled by two or more switches  • To control the operation of their product	Celebrating Culture Making Bread  • know the terms: yeast, dough, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, sweet, savoury, mix, bake, weigh, wet, dry  • To understand the processing of ingredients such as flour from wheat  • To know that some ingredients can be unhealthy for people with food allergies  • To know how to use an oven safely including using an oven glove.
Year 6	carry out research; develop a simple design specification; describe the user, purpose and design features of their products and explain how they will work.     generate innovative ideas drawing on research; use a range of drawing skills, discussion, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design	work.  • identify strengths and areas to develop in their ideas and products against their design specification; consider the views of others to make improvements.  • investigate how well products have been designed and made, whether they are fit for purpose and meet user needs; why materials have been chosen, the methods of construction used, how well they work, and how innovative and sustainable they are.	formulate lists of resources and detailed step-by-step plans; select suitable tools, equipment, materials and components and explain their choices.     To devise and follow procedures for safety and hygiene; use a wider range of materials and components; measure, mark out, cut, shape, assemble, join, combine and finish with accuracy.		Know the terms: cam, , follower, axle, handle, housing/ framework, rotation, rotary motion, oscillating motion, reciprocating motion     To recognise the following tools and say what each is used for hand drills, clamps     To make an accurate hole through a piece of wood using a hand drill     To investigate the different motions produced by different shaped cams.     To combine a cam with a follower	Combining Fabric shapes  Know the terms: tack, embroider, reinforce  To know how fabric is strengthened  To fasten pieces together temporarily using a large running stitch (tack)  To combine different types of fabric  To use embroidery to decorate fabric.  To embroider using a sating stitch		Celebrating Culture Making Soup  • Know the terms: stock, herb, season, boil, simmer, tender,  • To rub in flour and knead dough  • To understand the seasonal nature of food and its availability and how modern production can negate this.  • To know that cooking ingredients can change their taste, texture and use